Talking About Sex in
Sex Offense Treatment:
Practical Approaches for
Professionals Professionals

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## Objectives

- Explain why SOTP treatment providers need to talk about sex and why it's difficult.
- ▶ Describe techniques for how to talk about sex in various contexts of sexual offense treatment.
- Initiate discussions about client sexual attractions and provider reactions when discussing sex in sexual offense treatment.
- ▶ Use diverse techniques for discussing sex and sexuality.

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Part 1: Why we should talk about sex (and why we don't)

Focal points in SOTP		
Dynamic Risk Factors  ► Poor Problem-Solving  ► Negative Emotionality  ► Significant Social Influences  ► Capacity for Relationship Stability  (Fernandez et al., 2014)	Protective Factors  ► Self-Control  ► Leisure Activities  ► Work  ► Supervised Living	(Kelley et al., 2022)
	Life Goals  ► Inner Peace  ► Happiness	(Yates et al., 2010)

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# Where we need to talk about sex Dynamic Risk Factors Deviant Sexual Preference Sex as Coping Sex Drive / Preoccupation Capacity for Relationship Stability Prosocial Sexual Interests Prosocial Sexual Interests

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## Why talking about sex is difficult for treatment providers • Focus on avoidance goals • Discomfort / lack of training on sexuality • Discomfort discussing paraphilias • Concerns about boundaries (Buehler, 2022; Luca, 2018) • Competing treatment needs • Client reinforcement of avoidance of sexual discussions

Factors that may k	eep clients	from	talking
about sex			

- ▶ Discomfort / shame / lack of familiarity with talking about sex
- ▶ Trauma
- ► Lack of sexual knowledge
- Belief that talking about their sex lives is disrespectful to partner
   Concerns that talking about sex will lead to:
- Negative perceptions
   Sex-negative messaging
- ► Restrictions / Assignments
- ▶ Legal problems (Stephens et al., 2021)

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## What do we do about this? ► Supervision and Consultation

- ► Provide Structure
- ► Address Concerns
- ► Develop Therapeutic Alliance (Marshall, 2005)
  - Warmth, Empathy, Rewards, Directiveness
     Supportive challenges vs Confrontation

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Part 2: How to talk about sexual topics in treatment

## Where to start ▶ Limits of confidentiality: What will happen if... ▶ Setting the tone: When and Why ▶ Meeting treatment goals ▶ Dynamic Risk, Protective Factors, Life Goals ► Expectations in treatment ▶ Why these conversations may be difficult and how to proceed

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### Factors that may keep clients from talking about sex

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- ▶ Concerns that talking about sex will lead to:
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  - Restrictions / Assignments
     Legal problems

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### Ways of talking about sexual treatment needs

- ► Journalling or behavior monitoring
- ► Assignments specific to:
  - ▶ Understanding offense
  - Addressing dynamic risk
  - ► Clients' sexual wants and goals
- ► Assessments

## Paraphilic Interest Vignettes ► Bob ► Sexually assaulted his 8-year-old nephew on three occasions and sexually assaulted his nephew's 9-year-old friend on one occasion while babysitting ► Has a history of viewing child sexual exploitation media ► Reports being intoxicated when offending ► Reports lack of romantic partner contributed to offending ► Demonstrated strong arousals to prepubescent males on PPG

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## Paraphilic Interest Vignettes

- ► Tony
  - ▶ Hid cameras to record women changing in dressing rooms at clothing stores
  - $\blacktriangleright \ \ \text{Reports excitement related to "outsmarting everyone"}$
  - $\blacktriangleright\,$  Reports "only occasionally" masturbating to the videos he recorded
  - Recalls early memories of seeing his sister and her friends getting dressed for school and "sometimes" masturbates to these memories
  - Has a history of walking by houses in the early morning to see what his neighbors do before work

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## Talking about paraphilic interests

- ▶ Why we should talk about this:
  - ► Assessments
  - Offenses / History
  - ► Comments made or behaviors noted in treatment
- ▶ Is it safe to talk to me about this?
- ▶ What does this term mean to you?
- ► Can you distinguish facilitation from motivation? (Seto, 2019)

## What might be contributing to this attraction ➤ Physical attractions ➤ Emotional identification ➤ Lonely / Fears of rejection ➤ Thrill-Seeking

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## What we do with problematic sexual interests Acknowledge and Understand (Blagden et al., 2018; Jahnke et al., 2023) Safety Planning Arousal Management (Gannon et al., 2019) Healthy Sexual Scripts

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# Healthy Sex and Consent — Discussions - What are you looking forward to / what's a reason to avoid problematic sexual behaviors? - How do you make consent attractive? - How do you know that consent is present without making sex awkward? - How do you know that consent is present without making sex awkward? - How do you want yourself / your partner to feel after sex? - How will you respond to differences in sex divie in your relationship? - How would you tell a partner about your sexual desires or learn about theirs? - What are your sexual boundaries and how would you explain them to a partner? - What messages have you received about sex and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - Macculirity? - Rejection? - Sexual Orientation?

## Healthy Sex and Consent – Using Resources

▶ Tea and Consent

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pZwvrxVavnQ

- ▶ Why is consent more difficult when it comes to sex?
- ▶ What does it mean when someone doesn't want to have sex with you?
- ▶ The CERTS Model of Healthy Sex

 $https://www.healthyplace.com/sex/good-sex/the-certs-model-of-\\ \underline{healthy-sex}$ 

- $\blacktriangleright$  In addition to consent, what else is involved in healthy sex?
- $\blacktriangleright$  What elements of healthy sex might be missing in impersonal sex?

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## Healthy Sex and Consent – Using Resources

- Research on sexual frequency and behaviors (ex: Herbenick et al., 2017 Herbenick et al., 2021; Herbenick et al., 2021; Ueda et al., 2020)
- Sex Made Simple: Clinical strategies for sexual issues in therapy (McCarthy, 2017)
  - Understanding common behaviors and trends related to sexuality
  - ▶ Creation of sexual styles
  - ► Addressing common sexual issues
- ► Gott Sex? (Gottman & Gottman, 2012)
  - ► Combining sex and intimacy
  - Asking for and saying no to sex
  - ► Creative ways of meeting sexual wants

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Part 3: Attractions & Responses

## Possible signs of client attraction:

- ▶ Providing too much detail about sexual behaviors / fantasies
- ► Commenting on provider's appearance
- ► Asking sexual or romantic personal questions
- ▶ Comparing the provider to a romantic partner
- ► Asking provider to meet outside of session
- ▶ Asking if the provider sees them as attractive
- ▶ Giving gifts
- ▶ Expressing sexual attraction or romantic interest

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## What is the function of the behavior?

- ► Interest in provider
- ▶ Sexual preoccupation
- ► Desire for help
- $\blacktriangleright \;\;$  Efforts to comply with expectations
- ► Boundary pushing / Exerting control
- $\blacktriangleright~$  Efforts to connect with / distance from provider (Hartl et al., 2007)

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### Sexual attraction toward providers

- ➤ Client vulnerabilities Limited social contacts, interpersonal conflict, loneliness, feeling unlovable or unworthy, limited relationship experience (Rabasco et al., 2023)
- ▶ Sexual preoccupation and history of blurring relationship lines
- ▶ Therapist qualities attentive, warm, empathic, positive regard
- ► Transference
  - ► Erotic vs Eroticized

## Responding to the client

- ▶ Consider function of behavior (Hartl et al., 2007)
  - ▶ Is Tony trying to express appreciation for the help you've provided?
- ▶ Is Tony expressing attraction?
- ▶ Teach or model appropriate responses
  - ► Here's a different way you might try to express appreciation.
- ► Gently bring comments to client's attention
  - ▶ I noticed that you've compared me to your partner a couple times now. Why do you think that is?
- ► Process possible reasons for the comments
  - Are you perhaps concerned about whether you'll find a romantic partner? Or might this relate to feelings about me?

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## Responding to the client

- ▶ Normalize reactions but manage behavior
  - Attractions are common and make sense in this context. How do we acknowledge and process attractions when the relationship will not be sexual or romantic?
- ▶ Set expectations and boundaries
  - $\blacktriangleright\,\,$  Sessions only happen in this office and the group room.
  - ▶ I won't be discussing my personal life. Here's why...
- ► Refer out as needed

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### Reactions to clients talking about sex

- ▶ Remember what we bring to the session:
  - ▶ What is apparent
  - ▶ What is perceived
  - ▶ What is influencing us
- ► How might what we bring to session affect the client?
- $\blacktriangleright$  How might what we bring to session effect how we feel about the client?
- ▶ How do these conversations with these clients affect us?

11	eactions to clients talking about sex
٠	Notice reactions:
	► Anger/Discomfort/Disgust
	▶ Interest
	► Anxiety/Fear/Uncertainty/Guilt
•	Ask ourselves:
	What does this reaction tell me about myself?
	What does this situation or this client remind me of?
	▶ What does this reaction tell me about this client?

